

Charter of the Audit Committee

1. Purpose

The Audit Committee (the “**Committee**”) is appointed by the board of directors (the “**Board**”) of Sienna Senior Living Inc. (the “**Company**”) to assist in the oversight and evaluation of:

- the quality and integrity of the financial statements and other financial information relating to the Company;
- the design and implementation of the Company’s internal controls and disclosure controls;
- the compliance by the Company with legal and regulatory requirements in respect of financial disclosure;
- the qualification, independence and performance of the Company’s independent auditor;
- the development, review and assessment of the Company’s complaints procedure with respect of the reporting of illegal or unethical behaviour;
- the oversight and monitoring of risks delegated to the Committee by the Board in connection with the Enterprise Risk Management program;
- the performance of the Company’s Chief Financial Officer; and
- any additional duties set out in this Charter or otherwise delegated to the Committee by the Board.

In addition, the Committee provides an avenue for communication between the independent auditor, the Company’s Chief Financial Officer and other senior financial management, other employees and the Board concerning accounting, and auditing matters.

The Committee is directly responsible for the appointment, compensation, retention (and termination) and oversight of the work of the independent auditor (including oversight of the resolution of any disagreements between management and the independent auditor regarding financial reporting) for the purpose of preparing audit reports or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company.

The Committee is not responsible for:

- planning or conducting audits,
- certifying or determining the completeness or accuracy of the Company's financial statements or that those financial statements are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("**GAAP**") or International Financial Reporting Standards ("**IFRS**"), or
- guaranteeing the report of the Company's independent auditor.

Each member of the Committee shall be entitled to rely in good faith upon:

- financial statements of the Company represented to him or her by senior management of the Company or in a written report of the independent auditor to present fairly the financial position of the Company in accordance with GAAP or IFRS, as applicable; and
- any report of a lawyer, accountant, engineer, appraiser or other person whose profession lends credibility to a statement made by any such person.

In this context, "**good faith reliance**" means that the Committee member has considered the relevant issues, questioned the information provided and assumptions used, and assessed whether the analysis provided by senior management or the expert is reasonable. Generally, good faith reliance does not require that the member question the honesty, competence and integrity of senior management or the expert unless there is a reason to doubt their honesty, competency and integrity.

The fundamental responsibility for the Company's financial statements and disclosure rests with senior management and the independent auditor is responsible for auditing those financial statements. It is not the duty of the Committee to conduct investigations, to itself resolve disagreements (if any) between senior management and the independent auditor or to ensure compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

2. Reports

The Committee shall report to the Board on a regular basis and, in any event, before the public disclosure by the Company of its quarterly and annual financial results. The reports of the Committee shall include any issues of which the Committee is aware with respect to:

- the quality or integrity of the Company's financial statements;
- compliance by the Company with legal or regulatory requirements in respect of financial matters and disclosure;
- the performance and independence of the Company's independent auditor;
- the effectiveness of systems of control (including risk management) established by management to safeguard the assets (real and intangible) of the Company; and
- the proper maintenance of accounting and other records.

The Committee shall also prepare, as required by applicable law, any audit committee report required for inclusion in the Company's publicly filed documents.

3. Composition

The members of the Committee shall be three or more individuals who are appointed (and may be replaced) by the Board on the recommendation of the Company's Compensation, Governance and Nominating Committee. The appointment of members of the Committee shall take place annually at the first meeting of the Board after a meeting of Shareholders at which Directors are elected, provided that if the appointment of members of the Committee is not so made, the directors who are then serving as members of the Committee shall continue as members of the Committee until their successors are appointed. The Board may appoint a member to fill a vacancy that occurs in the Committee between annual elections of Directors. Any member of the Committee may be removed from the Committee by a resolution of the Board. Unless the Chair is elected by the Board, the members of the Committee may designate a Chair by majority vote of the members of the Committee.

Each of the members of the Committee shall be independent and financially literate as defined for the purposes of in National Instrument NI 52-110 – *Audit Committees*, as it may be amended or replaced from time to time. No member of the Committee shall:

- accept (directly or indirectly) any consulting, advisory or other compensatory fee from the Company or any of its subsidiaries¹ (other than remuneration for acting in his or her capacity as a director) or be an “affiliated person”² of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; or
- concurrently serve on the audit committee of a competitor or client without the prior approval of the Committee, the Compensation, Governance and Nominating Committee and the Board.

4. Responsibilities

It is recognized that, in fulfilling their responsibilities, members of the Committee are not full-time employees of the Company. As such, it is not the duty or responsibility of the Committee or its members to conduct “field work” or other types of auditing or accounting reviews or procedures or to determine that the Company's financial statements are complete and accurate. Each member of the Committee shall be entitled to rely on (i) the integrity of those persons and organizations within and outside the Company from which it receives information, and (ii) the accuracy of the financial and other information provided to the Committee by such persons or organizations absent actual knowledge to the contrary (which shall be promptly reported to the Board).

¹ A person or company is considered to be a subsidiary of another person or company if (a) it is controlled by (i) that other, or (ii) that other and one or more persons or companies each of which is controlled by that other, or (iii) two or more persons or companies, each of which is controlled by that other; or (b) it is a subsidiary of a person or company that is the other's subsidiary.

² A person or company is considered to be an affiliated entity of a person or company if (a) one of them controls or is controlled by the other or if both persons or companies are controlled by the same person or company or (b) the person is an individual who (i) both a director and an employee of an affiliated entity, or (ii) an executive officer, general partner or managing member of an affiliated entity.

The Committee shall have authority over, and shall be responsible for, the following specific matters:

4.1 Independent Auditor

The Committee shall:

- Recommend to the Board the independent auditor to be nominated for the purpose of preparing or issuing an auditor's report or performing other audit, review or attestation services for the Company.
- Establish the compensation of the independent auditor.
- Obtain confirmation from the independent auditor that it ultimately is accountable, and will report directly, to the Committee and the Board.
- Oversee the independent auditor and, in the context thereof, require the independent auditor to report to the Committee (among other things) any disagreement between management and the independent auditor regarding financial reporting and the resolution of each such disagreement.
- Pre-approve all audit and non-audit services (subject to any restrictions on such non-audit services imposed by applicable legislation, regulatory requirements and policies of the Canadian Securities Administrators).
- Adopt such policies and procedures as it determines appropriate for the pre-approval of the retention of the independent auditor by the Company and any of its subsidiaries for any audit and permitted non-audit services, including procedures for the delegation of authority to provide such approval to one or more members of the Committee.
- At least annually, review the qualifications, performance and independence of the independent auditor. In doing so, the Committee should, among other things, undertake the measures set forth in Appendix "A" to this Charter.
- At least annually, obtain and review a report by the auditor describing: (A) the auditor's internal quality-control procedures, including the safeguarding of confidential information; and (B) any material issues raised by (i) the most recent internal quality control review or peer review of the auditor which relates to services provided to the Company or its subsidiaries by the auditor, or (ii) the review of the auditor by any independent oversight body, such as the Canadian Public Accountability Board or governmental or professional authorities within the preceding five years respecting one or more independent audits carried out by the auditor (but only where the results of such review have been made publicly available), and in the case of each of (i) and (ii), the steps taken to deal with any issues raised in any such review;

4.2 The Audit Process, Financial Statements and Related Disclosure

The Committee shall:

- Meet with senior management and/or the independent auditor to review and discuss:
 - the planning and staffing of the audit by the independent auditor;
 - before public disclosure, the Company's annual audited financial statements and quarterly unaudited financial statements, the Company's accompanying disclosure of Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") and earnings press releases and make recommendations to the Board as to the approval and dissemination of those statements and disclosure;

- the adequacy of the procedures for the review of the Company's public disclosure of financial information extracted or derived from the Company's financial statements, other than the public disclosure referred to in the immediately preceding paragraph and periodically assess the adequacy of those procedures and consider whether they are complete and consistent with the information known to committee members;
- financial information and any earnings guidance provided to analysts and rating agencies, recognizing that this review and discussion may be done generally (consisting of a discussion of the types of information to be disclosed and the types of presentations to be made) and need not take place in advance of the disclosure of each release or provision of guidance;
- any significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the Company's financial statements, including any significant changes in the selection or application of accounting principles, any major issues regarding auditing principles and practices, and the adequacy of internal controls that could significantly affect the Company's financial statements;
- all critical accounting policies and practices used;
- all alternative treatments of financial information within GAAP or IFRS, as applicable, that have been discussed with management, ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent auditor;
- the use of "pro forma" or "adjusted" non-GAAP or non-IFRS information;
- the effect of new regulatory and accounting pronouncements
- the effect of any material off-balance sheet structures, transactions, arrangements and obligations (contingent or otherwise), on the Company's financial statements;
- any disclosures concerning any weaknesses or any deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls or disclosure controls made to the Committee by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer during their certification process in documents filed with applicable securities regulators;
- the adequacy of the Company's internal accounting controls and management information systems and its financial, auditing and accounting organizations and personnel and any special steps adopted in light of any material control deficiencies; and
- the establishment, and periodic review, of procedures for the review of financial information extracted or derived from the Company's consolidated financial statements.
- In conducting its review of the financial statements and related management's discussion and analysis:
 - consider the quality of, and not just the acceptability of, the accounting principles, and the reasonableness of senior management's judgments, analyses and estimates made in connection with the preparation of the financial statements or that have a significant effect upon the financial statements, and the clarity of the disclosures in the financial statements;

- discuss the effect of off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent liabilities) and other relationships with unconsolidated entities or other persons that may have a material current or future effect on the Company's financial condition, changes in financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, capital resources, and/or significant components of revenues and expenses;
 - consider any proposed changes in accounting practices or policies and their impact on consolidated financial statements of the Company;
 - discuss with senior management, the auditor and, if necessary, legal counsel, a report from senior management describing any litigation, claim or other contingency, including tax assessments, that could have a material effect upon the financial position of the Company and the manner in which these matters have been disclosed in the financial statements;
 - discuss with senior management and the auditor any correspondence with regulators or governmental agencies, employee or other complaints or published reports that raise material issues regarding the Company's consolidated financial statements or accounting policies;
 - discuss with the auditor any special audit steps taken in light of material weaknesses in internal control;
 - review the results of the audit, including any reservations or qualifications in the auditor's opinion;
 - discuss with senior management all significant variances between comparative reporting periods;
 - discuss with the auditor any difficulties encountered in the course of the audit work, including any restrictions on the scope of their procedures and access to requested information, accounting adjustments proposed by the auditor which were not applied (because they were immaterial or otherwise) and significant disagreements with senior management and the method of resolution;
 - discuss with the auditor any material issues relating to the Company's activities on which the Company's audit team consulted the auditor's national office;
 - discuss with senior management and the auditor the appropriate disclosure of any transactions between the Company and its officers, directors, or other related parties; and
 - consider any other matter which in its judgment should be taken into account in reaching its recommendation to the Board concerning the approval of the financial statements.
- Review with the independent auditor:
 - the quality as well as the acceptability of the accounting principles that have been applied;
 - any problems or difficulties the independent auditor may have encountered during the provision of its audit services, including any restrictions on the scope of activities or access to requested information and any significant disagreements with management, any management letter provided by the independent auditor or other material communication (including any schedules of unadjusted differences) to management and the Company's response to that letter or communication; and

- any changes to the Company's significant accounting principles and practices suggested by the independent auditor or members of management.
- Review with management all related party transactions and the development of policies and procedures related to those transactions.
- Following completion of the annual audit, review with each of management and the independent auditors any significant issues, concerns or difficulties encountered during the course of the audit including:
 - restrictions on the scope of work or on access to required or requested information;
 - issues or concerns that arose during the course of the audit concerning the Company's internal accounting controls, or the fair presentation, completeness or accuracy of the financial statements; and
 - analyses prepared by management or the auditors setting forth significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with preparation of the financial statements (including analysis of the effects of alternative treatments under generally accepted accounting principles).
- Periodically review reports on the Company's information technology systems that support the financial reporting process.
- Receive and review reports from other Board committees with regard to matters that could affect the audit or results of operations.
- Oversee appropriate disclosure of the Charter, and other information required to be disclosed by applicable legislation in the Company's public disclosure documents, including any management information circular distributed in connection with the solicitation of proxies from the Company's security holders.

4.3 Compliance

The Committee shall, as it determines appropriate:

- Obtain reports from senior management that the Company and its subsidiaries are in conformity with applicable legal requirements;
- Review with the Company's Chief Financial Officer, other members of management and the independent auditor any correspondence with regulators or governmental agencies and any employee complaints or published reports, which raise material issues regarding the Company's financial statements or accounting policies.
- Review senior management's written representations to the independent auditor.
- Advise the Board with respect to the Company's policies and procedures regarding compliance with applicable laws and regulations and with the Corporation's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics.
- Review with the Company's General Counsel and/or external legal counsel legal matters that may have a material impact on the financial statements, the Company's compliance policies and any material reports or inquiries received from regulators or governmental agencies.
- Discuss with senior management the guidelines and policies utilized by senior management with respect to financial risk assessment and management, and the major financial risk exposures and the procedures to monitor and control such exposures in order to assist the Committee in assessing the completeness, adequacy and appropriateness of financial risk disclosure in

Management's Discussion and Analysis and in the financial statements.

- Establish procedures for:
 - the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters; and
 - the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Company with concerns regarding any accounting or auditing matters.
- Review and approve the Company's hiring policies regarding partners, employees and former partners and employees of the present and former external auditor of the Company.

4.4 Delegation

To avoid any confusion, the Committee responsibilities identified above are the sole responsibility of the Committee and may not be delegated to a different committee.

5. Meetings

The Committee shall meet in accordance with a schedule established each year by the Committee, and at other times that the Committee may determine. Quorum for all meetings shall be a majority of the Committee members or such greater number as the Committee shall, by resolution, determine. Minutes shall be maintained of all meetings of the Committee and copies of the minutes shall be made available to all members of the Board.

The Committee shall meet separately, periodically, with the Chief Financial Officer and other financial management, and the independent auditor and may request any member of the Company's senior management, the General Counsel or external legal counsel or independent auditor to attend meetings of the Committee or with any members of, or advisors to, the Committee.

Meeting agendas shall be developed by the Committee chair in consultation with the Company's management and the independent auditors. Committee members may propose agenda items through communication with the Chair of the Committee or the Chief Financial Officer. Agendas, together with appropriate briefing materials, shall be circulated to Committee members prior to meetings. At the discretion of the Committee, members of management and others may attend Committee meetings other than the separate sessions with the Chief Financial Officer, the independent auditor and General Counsel and/or external legal counsel.

The auditor is entitled to receive notice of every meeting of the Committee and, at the expense of the Company, to attend and be heard thereat and, if so requested by a member of the Committee, shall attend any meeting of the Committee held during the term of office of the auditor.

6. Resources and Authority

The Committee shall have the resources and the authority appropriate to discharge its responsibilities, including the authority to engage and establish the compensation of, at the expense of the Company, outside advisors including experts in particular areas of accounting, legal counsel and other experts or consultants as it determines necessary to carry out its duties, without seeking approval of the Board or management. The Committee will advise the Board of any such action taken.

The Committee has the authority to conduct any investigation appropriate to fulfilling its responsibilities, and has direct access to the independent auditor as well as anyone in the Company.

7. Annual Evaluation

At least annually, the Committee shall, in a manner it determines to be appropriate:

- Perform a review and evaluation of the performance of the Committee and its members, including the compliance of the Committee with this Charter.
- Review and assess the adequacy of its Charter (including with respect to the procedures regarding the review of the Corporation's public disclosure of financial information extracted or derived from the Corporation's financial statements) and recommend to the Board any improvements to this Charter that the Committee determines to be appropriate.

Appendix "A"

Qualifications, Performance and Independence of Independent Auditor

- Review the experience and qualifications of the senior members of the independent auditor's team.
- Confirm with the independent auditor that it is in compliance with applicable legal, regulatory and professional standards relating to auditor independence.
- Review and approve clear policies for the hiring by the Company of employees or partners or former employees or former partners of the current and former independent auditor.
- Review annual reports from the independent auditor regarding its independence and consider whether there are any non-audit services or relationships that may affect the objectivity and independence of the independent auditor and, if so, recommend that the Board take appropriate action to satisfy itself of the independence of the independent auditor.
- Obtain and review such report(s) from the independent auditor as may be required by applicable legal and regulatory requirements.
- Conduct an evaluation (taking into account the opinions of management) of the independent auditors qualification, performance and independence and present to the Board the Committee's conclusion in such regard.
- Review, as required, the independent auditors' plans with respect to the partner rotation.